

In the Specification

The paragraph starting on page 8, line 5 is amended as follows:

The first and second opposed ferromagnetic plates 6 may define two opposing walls of the room 4, while the first and second pole supports 16, 20 may define the ceiling and floor of the room respectively. A dry wall of plaster, for example, (not shown) may also be provided between the ferromagnetic plates 6 and the screen, as well. A secondary ceiling 38 may be provided below the pole support 16 and a floor 40 may be provided over the pole support ~~18~~ 20, as discussed further, below. The room has an optional back wall 6', which in this embodiment is arcuate.

The paragraph on page 11, line 18-page 20, line 5 is amended as follows:

A lighting system is preferably provided between the panels 38 and the top ferromagnetic plate 16, as shown in Fig. 1B, Fig. 3A and Fig. 3B. The ~~light~~ lighting system may comprise one or more light tubes 44 secured to the ceiling or wall. The light tubes 44 may also be fiber optics. In one implementation, a light emitter 45 is connected to each tube 44, to emit light into the tube. The light tube 44 reflects light emitted by the light emitter 45, out of the side walls of the tubes 44, across the ceiling panels 38. This reflections allows the ceiling ~~panels 36~~ 38 to better emulate the appearance of the sky. Suitable emitters may be obtained from TIR Systems, Vancouver, Canada under the tradename Series 6000 HID Luminaire, for example, for use with TLP 4 and TLP 6 light guides, also available from TIR systems. The light tubes 44 and emitters 45 are not shown in Fig. 1A, so that other components of Fig. 1A may be more readily seen.